Adopted May 16, 2022

MODEL RULE FOR UNPAID ARBITRATION AWARDS UNDER THE UNIFORM SECURITIES ACTS OF 1956 AND 2002

[Amendments to NASAA model rule regarding Dishonest or Unethical Business Practices of Broker-Dealers and Agents]

Add a new provision to the Dishonest or Unethical Business Practices of Broker Dealers and Agents section 1:

u. Failing to pay and fully satisfy any final judgment or arbitration award, resulting from an investment-related, customer-initiated arbitration or court proceeding, unless alternative payment arrangements are agreed to between the customer and the broker-dealer or broker-dealer agent, in writing, and the broker-dealer or broker-dealer agent complies with the terms of the alternative payment arrangement.

Add a new provision to the Dishonest or Unethical Business Practices of Broker-Dealers and Agents section 1:

v. Attempting to avoid payment of any final judgment or arbitration award resulting from an investment-related, customer-initiated arbitration or court proceeding, unless alternative payment arrangements are agreed to between the customer and the broker-dealer or broker-dealer agent, in writing, and the broker-dealer or broker-dealer agent complies with the terms of the alternative payment arrangements.

Add a new provision to the Dishonest or Unethical Business Practices of Broker-Dealers and Agents section 1:

w. Failing to pay and fully satisfy any fine, civil penalty, order of restitution, order of disgorgement, or similar monetary payment obligation imposed upon the broker-dealer or agent by the Securities and Exchange Commission, the securities or other financial services regulator of any state or province, or any self-regulatory organization.

Amend section 2f:

Engaging in conduct specified in Subsection 1.b,c,d,e,f,I,j,n,o,p,q, [u, v, or w].

[Amendments to Rule USA 2002 502(b) Prohibited Conduct in Providing Investment Advice]

A person who is an investment adviser, an investment adviser representative or a federal covered investment adviser is a fiduciary and has a duty to act primarily for the benefit of its clients. The provisions of this subsection apply to federal covered investment advisers to the extent that the conduct alleged is fraudulent, deceptive, or as otherwise permitted by the National Securities Markets Improvement Act of 1996. While the extent and nature of this duty varies according to the nature of the relationship between an investment adviser, an investment adviser representative or a federal covered investment adviser and its clients and the circumstances of each case, an investment adviser, an investment adviser, an investment adviser shall not engage in prohibited fraudulent, deceptive, or manipulative conduct, including but not limited to the following:

(x) Failing to pay and fully satisfy any final judgment or arbitration award resulting from an investment-related, client or customer-initiated arbitration or court proceeding, unless alternative payment arrangements are agreed to between the client and the investment adviser or investment adviser representative or between the customer and the broker-dealer or broker-dealer agent, in writing, and the broker-dealer or broker-dealer agent complies with the terms of the alternative payment arrangement.

(y) Attempting to avoid payment of any final judgment or arbitration award resulting from an investment-related, client or customer-initiated arbitration or court proceeding, unless alternative payment arrangements are agreed to between the client and the investment adviser or investment adviser representative or between the customer and the broker-dealer or broker-dealer agent, in writing, and the broker-dealer or broker-dealer agent complies with the terms of the alternative payment arrangements.

(z) Failing to pay and fully satisfy any fine, civil penalty, order of restitution, order of disgorgement, or similar monetary payment obligation imposed upon the investment adviser or investment adviser representative by the Securities and Exchange Commission, the securities or other financial services regulator of any state or province, or any self-regulatory organization.

[Amendments to Rule 102(a)(4)-1 Unethical Business Practices Of Investment Advisers, Investment Adviser Representatives, And Federal Covered Advisers]

A person who is an investment adviser, an investment adviser representative or a federal covered adviser is a fiduciary and has a duty to act primarily for the benefit of its clients. The provisions of this subsection apply to federal covered advisers to the extent that the conduct alleged is fraudulent, deceptive, or as otherwise permitted by the National Securities Markets Improvement Act of 1996 (Pub. L. No. 104-290). While the extent and nature of this duty varies according to the nature of the relationship between an investment adviser or an investment adviser representative and its clients and the circumstances of each case, an investment adviser, an investment adviser representative or a federal covered adviser shall not engage in unethical business practices, including the following:

(x) Failing to pay and fully satisfy any final judgment or arbitration award resulting from an investment-related, client or customer-initiated arbitration or court proceeding, unless alternative payment arrangements are agreed to between the client and the investment adviser or investment adviser representative or between the customer and the broker-dealer or broker-dealer agent, in writing, and the broker-dealer or broker-dealer agent complies with the terms of the alternative payment arrangement.

(y) Attempting to avoid payment of any final judgment or arbitration award resulting from an investment-related, client or customer-initiated arbitration or court proceeding, unless alternative payment arrangements are agreed to between the client and the investment adviser or investment adviser representative or between the customer and the broker-dealer or broker-dealer agent, in writing, and the broker-dealer or broker-dealer agent complies with the terms of the alternative payment arrangements.

(z) Failing to pay and fully satisfy any fine, civil penalty, order of restitution, order of disgorgement, or similar monetary payment obligation imposed upon the investment adviser or investment adviser representative by the Securities and Exchange Commission, the securities or other financial services regulator of any state or province, or any self-regulatory organization.

The conduct set forth above is not inclusive. Engaging in other conduct such as non-disclosure, incomplete disclosure, or deceptive practices shall be deemed an unethical business practice. The federal statutory and regulatory provisions referenced herein shall apply to investment advisers, investment adviser representatives and federal covered advisers to the extent permitted by the National Securities Markets Improvement Act of 1996 (Pub. L. No. 104-290).